



ABSTRACT

Remote Web-based Science Lab (RWSL) is a made-in-BC innovation originally aimed at reintroducing distance learning for laboratory science courses for Years 1 and 2.

Although it is common for laboratory equipment to be controlled through computer consoles even in introductory science labs, the RWSL labs offer this experience where the controlling interface and the student can be geographically separated from the equipment.

RWSL is one of the key supports that provide for the implementation of online science courses where the students are not required to report to the on-campus laboratory. Our experiences and challenges in implementing RWSL mediated distance courses are described in a companion presentation (Evans & Sato 2013) at this conference.

WHAT IS RWSL?

- Remote Web-based Science Laboratory (RWSL):
- is a software and robotic interface students control over the web
- interacts with and manipulates lab equipment remotely
- collects authentic real-world scientific data in real time



SOME IMPLEMENTATION MODES

Remote labs can be implemented in a variety of ways.

. Remote Student Mode:

A student from anywhere takes an online course with a lab component

- Some experiments are performed using labkits at home
- Some experiments are performed remotely through RWSL

Here, the home labs with lab-kits support the tactile experience and the RWSL provides access to equipment not practicably shipped to students' homes.



Fig. 2: RWSL implementation by NANSLO (NANSLO)

This is the model envisioned by the *WASc* project and adopted by the North American Network of Science Labs Online (NANSLO) consortium.

Demonstration: Remote Operation of Console Controlled Labs for Undergraduate Science Takashi Sato¹, Ron Evans² and Jillian Lang¹

¹Dept of Physics, Kwantlen Polytechnic University, Richmond, BC, Canada ²Dept of Mathematics & Science, North Island College, Bella Coola, BC, Canada

DEMOSTRATIONS TODAY

Electron charge to mass ratio: "e/m"

Today, we know that electrons have electric charge of magnitude $e = 1.60 \times 10^{-19}$ C and a mass of $m = 9.11 \times 10^{-31}$ kg. In the 1890's, however, only the charge was known. The historical significance of this type of experiment is that J.J. Thomson's measurement of the ratio between *e* and *m* allowed us to determine the mass of the electron, which turned out to be very small. To this day, physicists lovingly call this the "e/m experiment."

A stream of electrons is shot into this vacuum chamber and curved into a circular path under the magnetic influence of the Helmholtz coils. By measuring the radius of curvature while the magnetic field is varied, the experimenter determines the value for e/m.



Fig. 4: Kwantlen's *e/m* apparatus (Lang 2012)

Microscope:

The microscope allows us to see small things. This one is controlled via RWSL. Though invented by a physicist, we see it used in biology courses.



Electroluminescence in LEDs

Light Emitting Diodes (LED) now take centre stage in the lighting appliance industry but physicists have had a long standing relationship with them.

In this lab, students study their optical spectra, electronic properties and the solid state physics underlying LEDs.

Today's demonstration will showcase the RWSL spectrometer in this application.



Airtrack:

The airtrack is the one dimensional analogue of Air Hockey. Air is fed into the core of the track by a high volume pump and allowed to escape through a large number of pinholes, providing a cushion of air for a "glider" to float on. The aim is to remove effects of friction while students investigate the dynamics of the glider.

One of many experiments performed with the airtrack is simply to tilt the track and measure the increasing speed of the glider as it floats downhill.

2. Remote Equipment Mode:

- A student enrolls in a F2F course on campus
- Some experiments are performed in the traditional laboratory on campus
- Some experiments are performed remotely through RWSL

Here, what is remote is not the student who take advantage of equipment not available at her campus/institution or experiments that must be performed at special locations.

3. Hybrid Mode:

• Instructor choses the best combination that plays to the strengths of each component for optimum learning outcome and student experience

NORTH ISLA COLLEGE

WOULD YOU USE IT IN YOUR CLASS?

You are now among the select few who have te driven RWSL labs for yourself.

Would you be inclined to try using labs like thes in your own class?

Place pin here

RWSL LABS DEVELOPED

Principal	Experiments	Disc
Equipment		
Spectrometer	Emission Spectra,	Physi
	Electroluminescence	
	Atomic Spectra,	Chen
	Spectrophotometry	
	DNA melting	Biolo
Microscope	Microscopy, Cell Cycle, Plant	Biolo
	Anatomy	
Titration	Carbonate/bicarbonate	Chem
Oscilloscope	Speed of: sound in air, light in air &	Physi
	optic fibre, RF signal in coax cable	
Airtrack	Kinematics, collisions	Physi
e/m	Electron charge to mass ratio	Physi
Magnetic Force	Magnetic Forces	Physi
and more on the		

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS & REFERENCH

WASc – Web-based Associate of Science Program **Development Project** created the Remote Web-based Sc Laboratory (RWSL) and is a collaboration of North Island Coll (NIC), College of the Rockies (COTR), Kwantlen Polytechnic University (KPU), Thompson Rivers University – Open Learni (TRU-OL), Tatlayoko Think Tank Ltd. (TTT) & Vancouver Island University. WASc has been funded through grants from the Inukshuk Wireless Fund and by BCcampus. http://rwsl.nic.l

NANSLO – North American Network of Science Labs **Online** is a collaboration between Western Interstate Commission for Higher Education (WICHE), Colorado Commi College System (CCCS) and BCcampus, funded by a grant from EDUCAUSE through the Next Generation Learning Challenge

This demonstration would not be possible without the collaboration and direct support of the two RWSL sites: Nort Island College, Comox Valley, and CCC Online, Denver. Partic thanks to Albert Balbon, PJ Bennett & Dan Branan.

Evans, R. & Nowell, R. (2013), Electroluminescence in LEDs -Manual, Cranbrook: College of the Rockies (in preparatio Evans, R. & Sato, T., (2013, June). Bringing Open Lab Science

Courses to Life... (or not). Paper presented at the Spring Workshop 2013 – Educational Technology Users Group, Burnaby, Canada.

Kwantlen Polytechnic University (2013), Physics 1120 Labore Guide – Richmond Campus Edition, Surrey, Canada.

Lang, Jillian (2012), Comparative Study of Hands-on and Ren Physics Labs for First Year University Level Physics Studen Transformative Dialogues: Teaching & Learning Journal, 1-25.

Sato, T., (2012, May). Console Controlled Labs (a.k.a. RWSL). Presented to Physics Articulation Committee, Abbotsford Canada.

CONTACT INFORMATION Takashi Sato:

ron.evans@nic.bc.ca

Dept. of Physics, Kwantlen Polytechnic Universit 12666 72 Ave, Surrey, BC, V3W 2M8, Canada takashi.sato@kwantlen.ca 604-599-2656 jillian.lang@kwantlen.ca

www.kwantlen.ca/science/physics/faculty/takashi sato/ETUG2013.h

Go here for useful links and downloads

Jillian Lang

Ron Evans:

NORTH	I S L A N D L E G E		
YOUR CLA	ASS?		
lect few who elf.	have test		
n here	ince these		
/be	Νο		
	Discipline		
nce	Physics		
try	Chemistry Biology		
Cycle, Plant	Biology		
oonate n air, light in air nal in coax cable	Chemistry & Physics		
ions o mass ratio	Physics Physics		
and m	Physics nore on the way		
S & REFER	RENCES		
of Science Program he Remote Web-based Science ration of North Island College), Kwantlen Polytechnic University – Open Learning . (TTT) & Vancouver Island through grants from the campus. http://rwsl.nic.bc.ca/			
etwork of Science Labs Western Interstate WICHE), Colorado Community ous, funded by a grant from ration Learning Challenges. http://www.wiche.edu/nanslo			
^t the two RWSL sites: North CCC Online, Denver. Particular t & Dan Branan.			
<i>roluminescence</i> the Rockies (in p ringing Open La presented at th echnology Users	<i>in LEDs – Lab</i> preparation). b Science e Spring s Group,		
<i>croluminescence</i> the Rockies (in p ringing Open La presented at th echnology Users 013), <i>Physics 11</i> <i>ion</i> , Surrey, Cana cudy of Hands-o rsity Level Physi <i>hing & Learning</i>	<i>in LEDs – Lab</i> preparation). b Science e Spring s Group, <i>120 Laboratory</i> ada. n and Remote cs Students, <i>Journal</i> , 6(1),		
<i>croluminescence</i> the Rockies (in p ringing Open La presented at th echnology Users 013), <i>Physics 11</i> <i>ion,</i> Surrey, Cana cudy of Hands-of rsity Level Physi <i>hing & Learning</i> <i>crolled Labs (a.k.</i> n Committee, A	<i>in LEDs – Lab</i> preparation). b Science e Spring s Group, <i>120 Laboratory</i> ada. n and Remote cs Students, <i>Journal</i> , 6(1), a. RWSL). bbotsford,		
croluminescence the Rockies (in p ringing Open La presented at th echnology Users 013), Physics 12 on, Surrey, Cana cudy of Hands-of rsity Level Physi hing & Learning frolled Labs (a.k. n Committee, A	<i>in LEDs – Lab</i> preparation). b Science e Spring s Group, <i>L2O Laboratory</i> ada. n and Remote cs Students, <i>Journal</i> , 6(1), a. RWSL). bbotsford,		
croluminescence the Rockies (in p ringing Open La presented at the echnology Users 013), Physics 12 fon, Surrey, Cana cudy of Hands-of rsity Level Physi hing & Learning rolled Labs (a.k. n Committee, A ON echnic University M8, Canada 4-599-2656	<i>in LEDs – Lab</i> oreparation). b Science e Spring s Group, <i>L2O Laboratory</i> ada. n and Remote cs Students, <i>Journal</i> , 6(1), a. RWSL). bbotsford,		