Guidelines for writing effective distractors for multiple-choice questions

Rajiv Jhangiani, Ph.D. *Kwantlen Polytechnic University*

- 1. Write plausible distractors
 - Each of the incorrect response options should be plausible, at least on the surface. Selecting the correct response should require a clear (and ideally deep) understanding of the material.
- 2. Keep the length of the response options similar
 - The correct answer should not be the shortest or the longest response option.
- 3. Avoid overlapping response options
 - The response options should be mutually exclusive. It should not be the case that if one of the distractors is true, another distractor must be true as well.
- 4. Avoid grammatical and spelling errors
 - Carefully proof read your work and make the choices grammatically consistent with the stem.
- 5. Avoid using absolute terms such as "always," "never," "all," or "none."
 - Students recognize that few things are universally true so response options that include such terms are easily rejected.
- 6. Avoid the "all of the above" response option
 - Students only need to recognize two of the response options to get the answer correct.
- 7. Avoid the "none of the above" response option
 - This option does not test whether the student knows the correct answer, but only that he/she knows the distractors aren't correct.

